UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

December 8, 2022

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

CABALETTA BIO, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-39103 (Commission File Number) 82-1685768 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2929 Arch Street, Suite 600, Philadelphia, PA (Address of principal executive offices)

19104 (Zip Code)

(267) 759-3100 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

	-				
Check the a following p	appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is interprovisions:	nded to simultaneously satisfy the filin	g obligation of the registrant under any of the		
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)				
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))				
Securities r	registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:				
	Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered		
Common Stock, par value \$0.00001 per share		CABA	The Nasdaq Global Select Market		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ⊠

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 8.01 Other Events.

On December 8, 2022, Cabaletta Bio, Inc. (the **'Company'**) posted to the "Investors & Media" section of the Company's website at *www.cabalettabio.com* an updated corporate presentation providing a corporate overview and updated development plan (the **'Corporate Presentation**"). A copy of the Corporate Presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated by reference into this Item 8.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

- 99.1 <u>Cabaletta Bio, Inc. Corporate Presentation, dated December 8, 2022.</u>
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL Document).

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

CABALETTA BIO, INC.

Date: December 8, 2022

By: /s/ Steven Nichtberger

Steven Nichtberger, M.D. President and Chief Executive Officer



Disclaimer

The following presentation, including any printed or electronic copy of these slides, the talks given by the presenters, the information communicated during any delivery of the presentation and any question and any document or material distributed at or in connection with the presentation (collectively, the "Presentation") has been prepared by Cabaletta Bio, Inc. ("we," "us," "our," "Cabaletta" or the "Company") and is made for informational purposes only. This Presentation does not purport to be a prospectus, to be complete or to contain all of the information you may desire. Statements contained herein are made as of the date of this Presentation unless stated otherwise, and this Presentation shall not under any circumstances create an implication that the information you may desire. Statements contained herein are made as of the date of this Presentation unless stated otherwise, and this Presentation shall not under any circumstances create an implication that the information you may desire. Statements contained herein are made as of the date of this Presentation unless stated otherwise, and this Presentation does not purpor the state of the date of this Presentation unless stated otherwise, and this Presentation does not purpor the state of the date of this presentation unless stated otherwise, and this presentation of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 relating to our business, operations, and financial conditions, and include, but are not limited to, express or implied statements "within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 relating to our business, operations, and financial conditions, and include, but are not limited to, express or implied statements regime our current of AcRTA technologies and CARAT and the translational research partners about the translational translation and the statements regime or an adoptional benefit set of the translational translational translations and strategies for under protein the exclusive license agreement with ASO Bio; t

Various risks, uncertainties and assumptions could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated or implied in our forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, risks related to the success, cost, and timing of our product candidate development activities and preclinical studies and clinical trials of CABA-201, SDG3-CAART and MUSK-CAART, the risk that the results observed with the similarly-designed construct employed in the recent sufficient value product and read to a construct of the results we seek to achieve with CABA-201, our plans to evaluate additional cohorts in the DesCAARTs ™ trial, including a cohort implementing a pre-treatment regimen, the risk that signs of biologic activity or persistence may not inform long-term results, the risk that persistence observed with effective CABT-19 oncology studies in commition with lymphodepletion is not indicative of, or applicable to, clinical responses in patients with mPV, risks related to clinical trial site activation or enrollment rates that are lower than expected, our ability to protect and maintain our intellectual property position, risks related to our relationship with third parties, uncertainties related to regulatory agencies' evaluation of our product candidates will not be successfully developed and commercialized, the risk that the results of preclinical studies or clinical studies will not be predictive of future results in connection with future studies, the impact of COVID-19 on the timing, progress, interpretability of data, and results of ongoing or planned clinical trials and risks relating to as a result of extraordinary events or circumstances such as the COVID-19 pandemic, and any business interruptions to our operations or to those of our clinical sites, manufacturers, suppliers, or other voors resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic or similar public health crisis. New risks and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncert

Develop and launch the first curative targeted cellular therapies for patients with autoimmune diseases

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Cabaletta®: Pursuing cures for a broad range of autoimmune diseases

Leveraging years of clinical experience with cell therapy for autoimmune diseases to evaluate two strategies

CARTA: CABA-201 (4-1BB CD19-CAR T) on track for 1H23 IND submission

- Builds on recent academic clinical data¹ demonstrating that CD19-CAR T may potentially reset the immune system in patients with SLE
 - Exclusive translational research partnership with lead investigator on the academic study¹ is informing CABA-201 clinical development
- Exclusive global license for clinically-evaluated, fully human CD19 binder with favorable clinical tolerability profile in ~20 oncology patients
 - Similar construct design to CD19-CAR T used in the academic SLE study, including 4-1BB costimulatory domain^{1,2}
- Potential to cure many common autoimmune diseases such as SLE, RA, myositis and systemic sclerosis³

CAART: Advancing clinical studies to increase CAART activity & explore additional indications

- DesCAARTes™ trial in mPV ongoing: Enrolling combination sub-study (pre-treatment with IVIg & cyclophosphamide)
 - 1 month safety and persistence data anticipated in 1Q23⁴
- MusCAARTes™ trial in MuSK myasthenia gravis: Initiated in 4Q22; received FDA Fast Track Designation
 - · Higher starting cell dose and early implementation of combination strategy as early as the fifth subject treated in the trial

Cash runway into 1Q25, inclusive of recently announced financing

Initial CABA-201 clinical data⁵ as well as 6-month combination data from DesCAARTes™ & MusCAARTes™ trials expected by 1H24⁴

CAART - Chimeric AutoAntibody Receptor T cells; CARTA - Chimeric Antigen Receptor T cells for Autoimmunity; IND - Investigational New Drug; SLE - Systemic lupus erythematosus; RA - Rheumatoid arthritis; mPV - Mucosal pemphigus vulgaris

- 1. Mackensen, Andreas, et al. "Anti-CD19 CAR T cell therapy for refractory systemic lupus erythematosus." Nature Medicine (2022): 1-9.
 2. Dai, Zhenyu, et al. "Development and functional characterization of novel fully human anti-CD19 CARs for T-cell therapy." Journal of Cellular Physiology 236.8 (2021): 5832-5847.
 3. Mullin, Emily. "How a 'Living Drug' Could Treat Autoimmune Disease." WIRED, 16 Sept 2022.
- es are observed in the cohort, uninterrupted enrollment and no delays due to COVID-19 resurgence occur in the trial.
- 5. Subject to clearance of CABA-201 IND by the FDA.

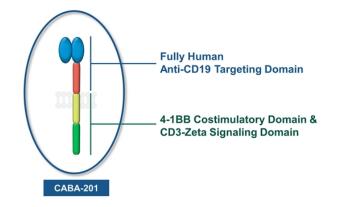
One CABA™ platform, two strategies to address autoimmune diseases

Complementary strategies to optimize clinical outcomes using cellular therapies in autoimmune diseases

CARTA

Chimeric Antigen Receptor T cells for Autoimmunity

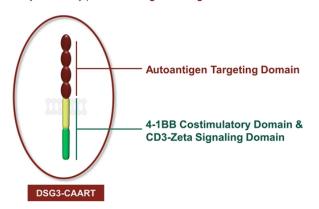
Potential to 'reset the immune system' in patients with autoimmune diseases driven by B cells, through generalized transient B cell depletion and repopulation of healthy B cells1



CAART

Chimeric AutoAntibody Receptor T cells

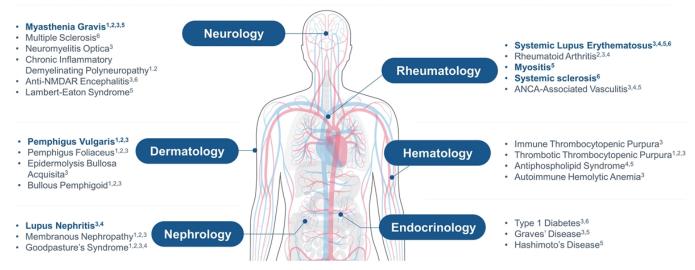
In autoimmune diseases with a **limited number of well-defined** pathogenic autoantibodies, permanent antigen-specific B cell depletion may provide an elegant biologic solution to disease2



- 1. Mackensen, Andreas, et al. "Anti-CD19 CAR T cell therapy for refractory systemic lupus erythematosus." Nature Medicine (2022): 1-9.
 2. Ellebrecht, Christoph T., et al. "Reengineering chimeric antigen receptor T cells for targeted therapy of autoimmune disease." Science 353.6295 (2016): 179-184.

CABA™ platform may apply across a range of autoimmune diseases

Biologic opportunity for cure or treatment may be possible in dozens of B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases*



- Illustrative list of diseases where biologic opportunity for cure or treatment with CAART or CARTA approach may be possible.

 Diseases in bold represent where clinical studies are underway or plan to be initiated by Cabaletta or by Professor Schett

 1. Koneczny, Inga. "Update on IgG4-mediated autoimmune diseases: are insights and new family members." Autoimmunity Reviews (2020): 102646.

 2. Huijbers, Maartje G., et al. "IgG4-mediated autoimmune diseases: a niche of antibody-mediated disorders." Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences 1413.1 (2018): 92.

 3. Ludwig, Ralf J., et al. "Mechanisms of autoantibody-induced pathology." Frontiers in immunology 8 (2017): 603.

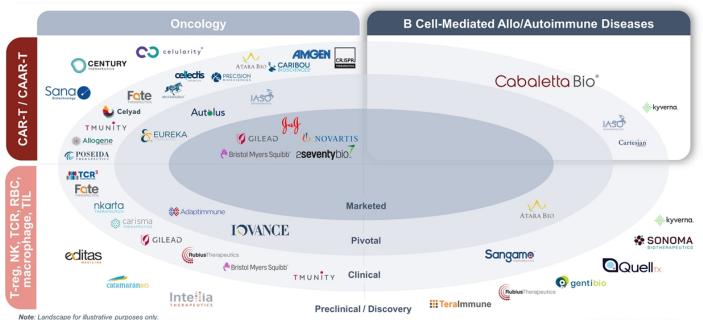
 4. Suurmond, Jolien, and Betty Diamond. "Autoantibodies in systemic autoimmune diseases: specificity and pathogenicity." The Journal of clinical investigation 125.6 (2015): 2194-2202.

 5. Xiao, Ze Xiu, Joseph S. Miller, and Song Guo Zheng. "An updated advance of autoantibodies in autoimmune diseases." Autoimmunity Reviews (2020): 102743.

 6. Hampe, Christiane S. "B cells in autoimmune diseases." Scientifica 2012 (2012).

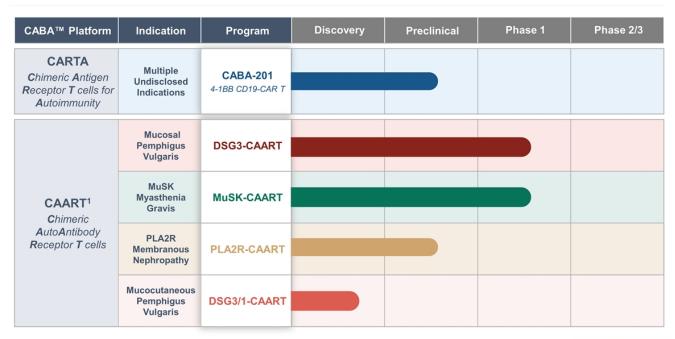
Cabaletta: Advancing targeted cell therapy to autoimmunity

Foundational CAR T technology clinically validated in treating B cell-mediated cancers and SLE1



1. Mackensen, Andreas, et al. "Anti-CD19 CAR T cell therapy for refractory systemic lupus erythematosus." Nature Medicine (2022): 1-9.

Pipeline targeting autoimmune diseases where cure is possible



^{1.} Additional disease targets in discovery stage in our CAART pipeline portfolio include hemophilia and two undisclosed indications.

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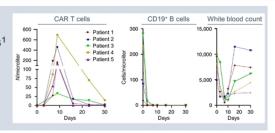
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Academic clinical data: Immune system reset in 5/5 SLE patients¹

Exclusive translational research partnership with lead investigator informing our CD19 clinical strategy

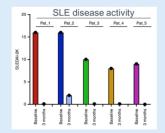
5/5 refractory SLE patients treated with 4-1BB CD19-CAR T² resulting in rapid, deep and transient depletion of CD19⁺ B cells¹

- · All 5 patients with moderate to severe disease
- · Preconditioning with standard Flu/Cy regimen²
- Dose of 1x106 CD19-CAR T cells/kg
- CD19 binder: 4-1BB costimulatory domain & FMC63 scFv



Clinical & serologic responses by 3 mo. after 4-1BB CD19-CAR T therapy with promising safety profile1

- Anti-dsDNA antibodies undetectable in 5/5
 - · All SLE-associated antibodies reduced
 - · Complement levels normalized
- No or only mild CRS observed
 - · Grade 1 fever in 3/5 patients
- · No neurotoxicity / ICANS



Repopulation of healthy B cells¹

- · New B cells reappeared in 5/5 patients between 2-5 months
- · Limited decline in vaccination titers

Durable clinical responses¹

- 5-17 months of follow up
- · Responses maintained with no need for SLE-associated medications

SLE – Systemic lupus erythematosus; scFv – Single chain variable fragment; SLEDAI-2K – Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Disease Activity Index 2000; CRS – Cytokine release syndrome; ICANS – Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome

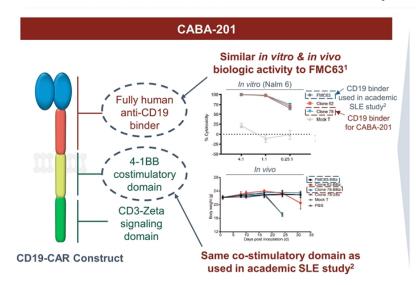
- 1. Mackensen, Andreas, et al. "Anti-CD19 CAR T cell therapy for refractory systemic lupus erythematosus." Nature Medicine (2022): 1-9.

 2. The construct utilized in this study has a similar design to CABA-201, sharing the 4-1BB costimulatory domain, but is a different construct.

 3. Fludarabine (Flu) 25 mg/m²/d intravenously day -5 to day -3; Cyclophosphamide (Cy) 1,000 mg/m²/d intravenously on day -3

CABA-201: CD19-targeting CAR T therapy for autoimmune diseases

Cabaletta's CD19 binder with similar in vitro & in vivo activity to FMC631 (binder used in academic SLE study2)



Clinical Data for Licensed CD19 Binder³

Fully human binder

Evaluated within dual-CAR combined with CD22 binder with standard Flu/Cy preconditioning

► Evaluated in ~20 patients to date³

Under evaluation in patients with B cell leukemia and lymphoma in IIT in China

Promising tolerability data to date³

Used in oncology patients with high target cell burden

SLE - Systemic lupus erythematosus; IIT - Investigator-initiated trial; Flu/Cy - Fludarabine/Cyclophosphamide; CRS - Cytokine release syndrome; ICANS - Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome

1. Dai, Zhenyu, et al. "Development and functional characterization of novel fully human anti-CD19 chimeric antigen receptors for T-cell therapy." Journal of Cellular Physiology 236.8 (2021): 5832-5847.

2. Mackensen, Andreas, et al. "Anti-CD19 CAR T cell therapy for refractory systemic lupus erythematosus." Nature Medicine (2022): 1-9.

3. Evaluated as part of CT120, a dual-CD19xCD22 CAR T product candidate under development by Nanjing IASO Biotherapeutics, Co., Ltd. (IASO Bio).

Accelerating development of CABA-201 for autoimmune diseases

Differentiated asset, exclusive translational insights & track record of timely CAART clinical implementation

Cabaletta is uniquely positioned to efficiently advance CABA-201 in autoimmune diseases

- · Expertise in conducting complex, interdisciplinary autoimmune-focused cell therapy clinical trials
- Track record of positive regulatory interactions to support cell trials in autoimmune diseases since 2018
 - · 2 INDs cleared within routine 30-day period; multiple clinical protocol modifications, Fast Track designations granted
- · Successful track record manufacturing novel cell therapy products with academic and industry partners
- · Deep understanding of autoimmunity allows potential application across broad range of diseases

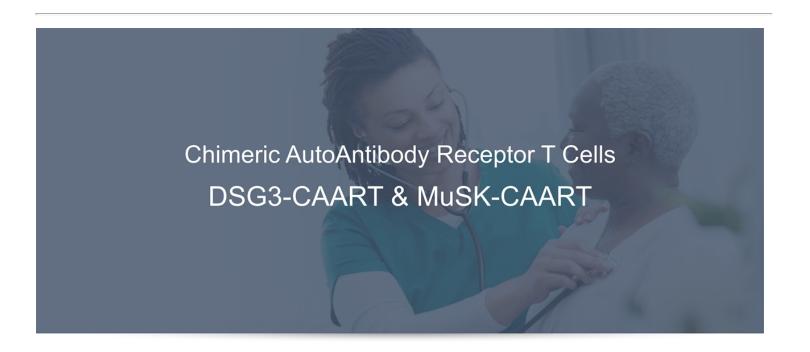
2 Clinically-evaluated binder & translational research partnership support CABA-201 development

- CABA-201 leverages similar design to 4-1BB-containing CD19-CAR T in seminal academic SLE study¹
- · Exclusive research partnership with lead investigator for SLE study provides early and actionable insights

IND submission for CABA-201 anticipated in first half of 2023

SLE - Systemic lupus erythematosus

1. Mackensen, Andreas, et al. "Anti-CD19 CAR T cell therapy for refractory systemic lupus erythematosus." Nature Medicine (2022): 1-9.



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Overview of pemphigus vulgaris

Current treatments require broad immunosuppression associated with safety risks and transient efficacy



Current Treatment Landscape

Broad immunosuppression^{3,6}

· Modestly effective & poorly tolerated

Rituximab plus steroids (~3,500 mg/yr)⁴

- Response: ~40% of patients achieved a 16-week period with no lesions or medicines during 1 yr4,5
- 22% annual serious adverse event (SAE) rate⁴
 - 4-9%3,4,5 annual risk of severe infection in PV
- · Real world data indicate:
 - Transient remission ~ 70% CROT6:
 - ~30% relapse in 1 year⁶
 - >50% relapse within 2 years⁶
 - ~30% never achieve CROT⁶
 - ~1.9% lifetime risk of fatal infection⁷

CROT = 8+ weeks without lesions while off systemic therapy

3,250 to 4,750

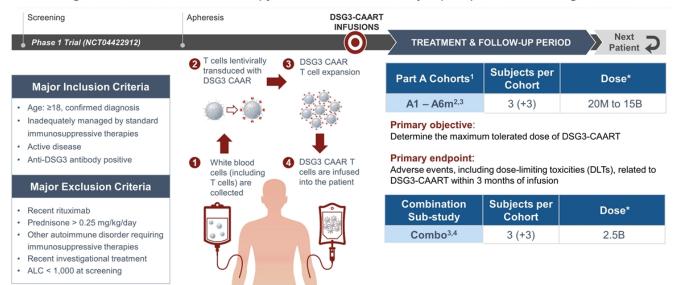
- 1. Image credit: D@ndern
- Image credit: D@nderm.
 Intp://mww.yrgd.org/archive/cases/2004/pv/DSCN4996%20copy.JPG
 Joly, Pascal, et al. "First-line rituximab combined with short-term prednisone versus prednisone alone for the treatment of pemphigus (Ritux 3): a prospective, multicentre, parallel-group, open-label randomised trial." The Lancet 389,10083 (2017): 2031-2040.
 Werth, Victoria P., et al. "Rituximab versus Mycophenolate Mofetti in Patients with Pemphigus Vulgaris." New England Journal of Medicine (2021).
 Rituximab label, 08/2020 revision.
 Kushner, Carolyn J., et al. "Factors Associated With Complete Remission After Rituximab Therapy for Pemphigus." JAMA dermatology (2019).
 Tony, Hans-Peter, et al. "Safety and clinical outcomes of rituximab therapy in patients with different autoimmune diseases: experience from a national registry (GRAID)." Arthritis research & therapy 13.3 (2011): 1-14.

9,750 to 14,250

DesCAARTes™ Phase 1 study of DSG3-CAART¹



Evaluating DSG3-CAART as monotherapy & in combination with cyclophosphamide and IVIg



1. FDA has requested, and the Company has agreed, that we will share data from part A to inform a discussion on the optimal design of part C. According to FDA advice, the submission of part A data is not gating to planned enrollment in part B.

2. Cohort A6m reflects a two-dose regimen of 5.0 to 7.5 billion cells, 3 weeks apart, for a total of 10 to 15 billion cells, which is designed to prolong exposure time of DSG3-CAART in vivo.

3. Combination cohort reflects a cell dose of 2.5 billion cells in addition to pre-treatment with intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIg) and cyclophosphamide prior to DSG3-CAART infusion.

4. Combination cohort has been prioritized relative to A6m absed on emerging data in cohorts A4 and A5.

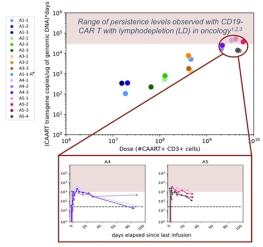
* 20M, 100M, 500M, 2.5B, 5.08 to 7.5B and 10B to 15B refers to the number of DSG3-CAART cells infused for patients in dosing cohorts A1 to A6m (M – millions; B – billions).

Adjunctive immunosuppressants are stopped; prednisone tapered to low dose prior to infusion

Dose-dependent persistence flattens; aim to increase CAART exposure

Combination sub-study prioritized to address possible cytokine & autoantibody effects on CAART activity

DSG3-CAART Persistence to 29d in Cohorts A1-A5



Combination sub-study cohort

A4 dose (2.5x109 cells) + cyclophosphamide (CY) & IVIg

- Dose-dependent increase in CAART persistence leveled off with cohort A5
 - Through up to 6 months post-CAART infusion, no clear pattern in antibody levels and disease activity observed in first 3 subjects at cohort A5 dose
- CY reduces 'cytokine sink,' potentially enhancing CAART activation & proliferation
- · Potential reduction in anti-DSG3 autoantibodies that may inhibit or reduce activity
- CY & IVIg likely to provide transient improvement in first few months after infusion^{4,5,6,7,8}
 - Up to 9 mo post-infusion may be required to assess DSG3-CAART clinical effect

Cohort A6m | 2x A5 dose (1-1.5x10¹⁰ cells)

- · Two A5 infusions 3 weeks apart
 - · To potentially increase the duration of maximal exposure to DSG3-CAART
- 1. Mueller, Karen Thudium, et al. "Cellular kinetics of CTL019 in relapsed/refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia and chronic lymphocytic leukemia." Blood. 130.21 (2017): 2317-2325.

 2. Schuster SJ, Bishop MR, Tam CS, et al. Tisagenlecleucel in Adult Relapsed or Refractory Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma. N Engl J Med. 2019;380(1):45-56. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa1804980.

 3. The range of persistence observed with anti-CD19 CART therapy in oncology has not been confirmed to be necessary or sufficient for clinical responses in patients with mPV.

 4. Amagai, Masayuki, et al. "A randomized double-blind trial of intravenous immunoglobulin for pemphigus." Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology 60.4 (2009): 595-603.

 5. Arnold, D. F., et al. "An 'n-of-1placebo-controlled crossover trial of IVIg as adjuvant therapy in refractory pemphigus vulgaris:" British Journal of Dermatology 160.5 (2009): 1088-1102.

 6. Zhang, Wenjing, et al. "Short-Term Intravenous Infusion of Cyclophosphamide in the Treatment of Refractory Pemphigus Vulgaris: A Retrospective Study." Dermatology 27.2 (2021): 185-190.

 7. Fleischli, Mary E., Rachel H. Valek, and Amit G. Pandya. "Pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide therapy in pemphigus." Archives of dermatology 135.1 (1999): 57-61.

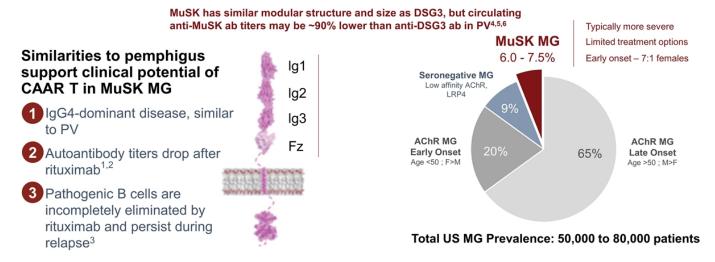
 8. Lolis, Margarita, et al. "Effect of IVIg with or without cyclotxic drugs on pemphigus intercellular antibodies." Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology 64.3 (2011): 484-489.

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* A1-1-R refers to a subject in cohort A1 who was retreated at the cohort A3 dose (500 million cells).

High unmet need in MuSK myasthenia gravis; a valuable CAAR target

All known extracellular domains are included in the CAAR design



^{1.} Hain, Berit, et al. "Successful treatment of MuSK antibody–positive myasthenia gravis with rituximab." Muscle & Nerve: Official Journal of the American Association of Electrodiagnostic Medicine 33.4 (2006): 575-580.

^{2.} Illa, Isabel, et al. "Sustained response to Rituximab in anti-AChR and anti-MuSK positive Myasthenia Gravis patients." Journal of neuroimmunology 201 (2008): 90-94.

^{2.} Ilia, Isabel, et al. "Sustained response to Krutumab in anti-ACRK and anti-MuSk positive Myasthenia Gravis patients." Journal or neuroimmunology 201 (2008): 90-94.

3. Jiang, Ruoyi, et al. "Single-cell repertoire tracing identifies rituximab-resistant B cells during myasthenia gravis relapses." 201 insight 5.14 (2020).

4. Matthews, Ian, et al. "Muscle-specific receptor tyrosine kinase autoantibodies—a new immunoprecipitation assay." Clinica chimica acta 348.1-2 (2004): 95-99.

5. McConville, John, et al. "Detection and characterization of MuSK antibodies in seronegative myasthenia gravis." Annals of neurology 55.4 (2004): 580-584.

6. Marino, Mariapaola, et al. "Long-lasting rituximab-induced reduction of specific—but not total—Ig64 in MuSK-positive myasthenia gravis." Frontiers in immunology 11 (2020): 613.

MusCAARTes[™] study of MuSK-CAART



Strategy for first-in-human trial informed by learnings from DesCAARTes™ study

Open-label study to determine the maximum tolerated dose & to evaluate safety of MuSK-CAART

Major Inclusion Criteria	SCREENING MAN	UFACIURING	MONITORING (2-4 WEEKS)	Next Patient P
Age: ≥18 MG severity Class I-IVa	Combination cohorts based on DesCAARTes™ study	Part	Cohort	# Subjects
MGC ≥ 4 Anti-MuSK antibody positive Negative anti-AChR antibody test		A – Dose Escalation ¹ Increasing dose levels with 2 (+4) design (A1 – 500M) A2 – 2.5B; A3 ² – 7.5B)	A1-A3	2 (+4) per cohort
Major Exclusion Criteria • Prednisone > 0.25-0.5 mg/kg/day		A – Adaptive Combination Cohorts ¹ Combination cohorts, starting at A2 CAART dose (A4 ² – 2.5B + Cyclophosphamide)	A4+	2 (+4) per cohort
Other autoimmune disorder requiring immunosuppressive therapies		B – Expansion Expanded subject enrollment at final selected dose	В	~12

Study Endpoint & Objectives

Primary Endpoint: Adverse Events, including DLT

Secondary & Tertiary Objectives: CAAR T expansion/persistence, effect on serum anti-MuSK antibody titer, use of concomitant systemic medications, effect on clinical symptoms, manufacturing success rate

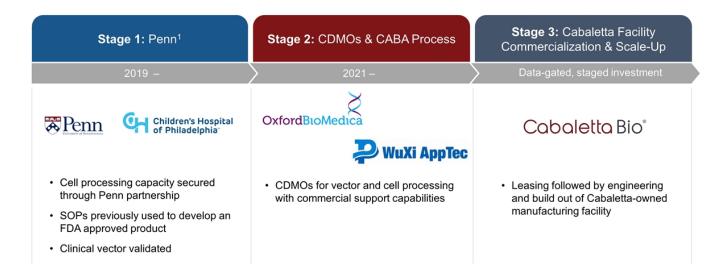
* 500M, 2.5B, 7.5B refers to the number of MuSK-CAART cells infused for patients in dosing cohorts A1 to A3 (M – millions; B – billions).

1. A total of 6 subjects will need to have received the final selected dose in Part A of the study.

2. Cohorts A3 and A4 will be enrolled concurrently after cohort A2 is well-tolerated with a preference for enrollment into A4.

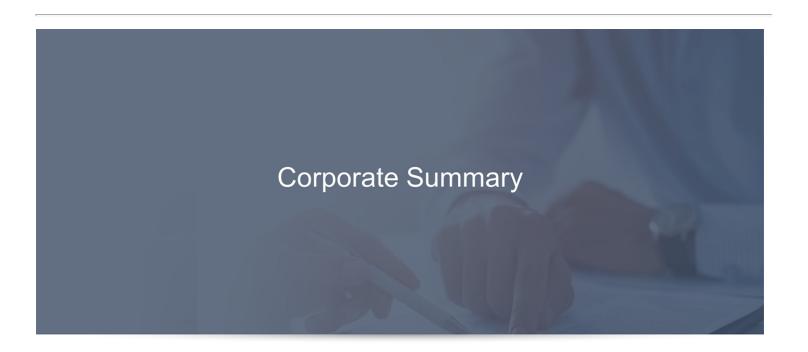
Manufacturing strategy

Three-stage approach allows for efficient allocation of capital while leveraging experienced partners



^{1.} Penn-sponsored CD19 CAR IND CMC data has been cross-referenced in DSG3-CAART IND to provide additional data reflecting alignment; cross reference not required for MuSK-CAART IND.





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Cabaletta Bio leadership



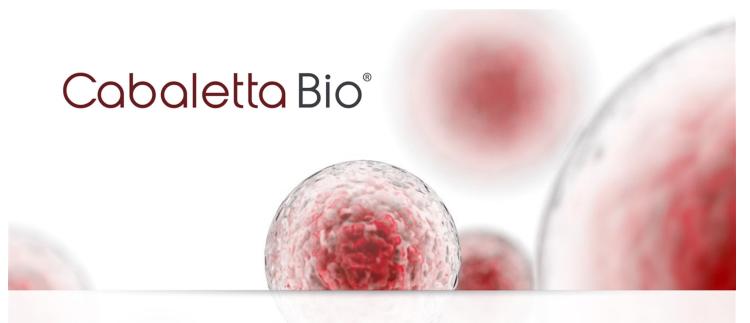
Track record of operational success in employing novel cell therapies in autoimmunity across preclinical, clinical, manufacturing & regulatory domains

Multiple potential clinical catalysts anticipated in next 12-18 months¹

	Anticipated Timing	Anticipated Milestone
CABA-201	1H 2023	IND filing
4-1BB CD19-CAR T	1H 2024 ²	Initial clinical data ²
DSG3-CAART Mucosal-dominant	1Q 2023	1-month safety & persistence data for combination cohort in DesCAARTes™ trial
pemphigus vulgaris	3Q 2023	6-month data for combination cohort
MuSK-CAART	√4Q 2022	Initiate first-in-human MusCAARTes™ trial
MuSK-associated myasthenia gravis	1H 2024	6-month data for combination cohort

Cash runway into 1Q25, inclusive of recently announced financing

^{1.} Assumes no dose-limiting toxicities are observed in any cohort, uninterrupted enrollment and no delays due to COVID-19 resurgence occur in the trial. 2. Subject to clearance of CABA-201 IND by the FDA.



Corporate Presentation

DECEMBER 2022

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