# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 3, 2021

## CABALETTA BIO, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-39103 (Commission File Number) 82-1685768 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2929 Arch Street, Suite 600, Philadelphia, PA (Address of principal executive offices)

19104 (Zip Code)

(267) 759-3100 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

	ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is interwing provisions:	nded to simultaneously satisfy the fili	ng obligation of the registrant under any of the			
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)					
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Ex	schange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 1	4d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 C	CFR 240.14d-2(b))			
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 1	3e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 C	CFR 240.13e-4(c))			
Secu	urities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:					
	Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered			
C	ommon Stock, par value \$0.00001 per share	CABA	The Nasdaq Global Select Market			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).						
Eme	rging growth company 🗵					
	If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.					

### Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On May 3, 2021, Cabaletta Bio, Inc. (the "Company") announced its financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2021. A copy of the press release is being furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Report on Form 8-K.

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On May 3, 2021, the Company posted to the "Investors & Media" section of its website atwww.cabalettabio.com an updated corporate presentation providing a corporate overview and updated development plan (the "Corporate Presentation"). A copy of the Corporate Presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K.

#### Item 8.01 Other Events.

On May 3, 2021, the Company issued a press release announcing acute safety data from the first dose cohort of its ongoing DesCAARTe<sup>M</sup> Phase 1 clinical trial of DSG3-CAART for the treatment of patients with mucosal-dominant pemphigus vulgaris. A copy of the full text of the press release referenced above is filed as Exhibit 99.3 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference into this Item 8.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information contained in Items 2.02 and 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K is being furnished and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section and shall not be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

#### (d) Exhibits

- 99.1 Press Release issued by the registrant on May 3, 2021, furnished herewith.
- 99.2 <u>Cabaletta Bio, Inc. Corporate Presentation, dated May 3, 2021, furnished herewith.</u>
- 99.3 Press Release issued by the registrant on May 3, 2021.

### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

### CABALETTA BIO, INC.

Date: May 3, 2021

By: /s/ Steven Nichtberger
Steven Nichtberger, M.D.
President and Chief Executive Officer



Cabaletta Bio Reports First Quarter 2021 Financial Results and Provides New Pipeline Updates

- Acute safety data from the first cohort in the DesCAARTes<sup>™</sup> trial announced today; no dose limiting toxicities (DLTs) or clinically relevant adverse events observed in the first dose cohort as of April 30, 2021 –
- PLA2R-CAART announced as a new development program for patients with PLA2R-associated membranous nephropathy; pre-IND meeting with FDA
  planned in the second half of 2021 –

- MuSK-CAART Investigational New Drug (IND) application submission planned for the second half of 2021 -

**PHILADELPHIA, May 3, 2021** — Cabaletta Bio, Inc. (Nasdaq: CABA), a clinical-stage biotechnology company focused on the discovery and development of engineered T cell therapies for patients with B cell-mediated autoimmune diseases, today reported financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2021, and provided new pipeline updates.

"The initial safety data from the first low dose cohort of three patients in the DesCAARTe<sup>™</sup> clinical trial for DSG3-CAART, our lead clinical candidate, support the acute safety profile of DSG3-CAART at the administered dose in mucosal-dominant pemphigus vulgaris patients, and are an encouraging indicator for the safety of the CAAR T platform overall. We look forward to reporting additional topline data on safety and potential target engagement on completed dose cohorts throughout the second half of 2021," said Steven Nichtberger, M.D., Chief Executive Officer and Co-founder of Cabaletta. "On the heels of this important milestone, which we believe begins to de-risk our CABA<sup>TM</sup> platform, we are pleased to announce a new development program, PLA2R-CAART, for the treatment of patients with PLA2R-associated membranous nephropathy with a pre-IND meeting planned for the second half of 2021."

2021. In addition, we look forward to submitting our second IND application for MuSK-CAART, our lead preclinical candidate, in the second half of 2021."

#### Acute Safety Data from First Dose Cohort of DesCAARTes™ Trial

Today, the Company reported results from the first cohort of three patients dosed with DSG3-CAART. There were no clinically relevant adverse events, including cytokine release syndrome or neurotoxicity, during the 8-day acute safety window, which the Company expects is the period with highest probability of observing treatment-related toxicities. In addition, no dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs) were observed in the first two subjects who have completed the 28-day DLT monitoring period post-infusion. The third patient has completed the8-day acute safety window, and is in the DLT follow-up period. These safety data were observed with an administered dose of 20 million DSG3-CAART cells, without preconditioning and in the presence of circulating anti-DSG3 antibodies; DSG3-CAART was detected at low levels via quantitative polymerase chain reaction in both patients who have completed the 28-day DLT period and been evaluated. The third patient is scheduled to be evaluated for presence of DSG3-CAART after completion of the 28-day DLT monitoring period.

The DesCAARTes™ trial is currently enrolling patients in the second cohort at a treatment dose of 100 million DSG3-CAART cells. Infusions are planned to initiate following the third patient in the first cohort completing the 28-day monitoring period without any DLTs. Cabaletta expects to announce acute safety data for the second and third cohorts in the third and fourth quarters of 2021, respectively. Topline data on target engagement from the first cohort are anticipated during the second half of 2021. Cabaletta will continue to provide additional topline safety and target engagement data from the DesCAARTes™ trial once available on a cohort-by-cohort basis.

#### Other Pipeline Highlights

**MuSK-CAART:** Muscle Specific Kinase (MuSK) chimeric autoantibody receptor T (MuSK-CAART) cells as potential treatment for patients with MuSK-associated myasthenia gravis.

IND-enabling studies consistent with U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) guidance received during the Pre-IND meeting are ongoing
and the Company plans to submit an IND to the FDA in the second half of 2021, which will incorporate clinical trial design insights from the
DesCAARTes™ trial with DSG3-CAART.

PLA2R-CAART: Phospholipase A2 receptor (PLA2R) chimeric autoantibody receptor T (PLA2R-CAART) cells as a potential treatment for patients with PLA2R-associated membranous nephropathy.

- Cabaletta plans to advance PLA2R-CAART discovery candidates for the treatment of patients with PLA2R-associated membranous nephropathy.
- Given the role of autoantibodies and proteinuria in risk stratification for patients with membranous nephropathy and as biomarkers disease
  progression and resolution, Cabaletta believes it can advance a product candidate to address the existing unmet need.
- The Company plans to request a Pre-IND submission meeting with the FDA during the second half of 2021 to gain clarity on the future development path and potential IND submission timing for the program.

#### **Upcoming Events**

Cabaletta will participate in a fireside chat at the virtual Jefferies Healthcare Conference from June1-4, 2021.

#### First Quarter 2021 Financial Results

The Company expects that its cash, cash equivalents and investments as of March 31, 2021, along with proceeds from sales under the Company's at-the-market offering program in April 2021, will enable it to fund its operating plan through at least the fourth quarter of 2022.

- Research and development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$6.6 million, compared to \$4.6 million for the same period in 2020.
- General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$3.2 million, compared to \$3.3 million for the same period in 2020.
- As of March 31, 2021, cash, cash equivalents and investments totaled \$102.0 million, compared to \$108.7 million as of December 31, 2020.

#### About Cabaletta Bio

Cabaletta Bio is a clinical-stage biotechnology company focused on the discovery and development of engineered T cell therapies, and exploring their potential to provide a deep and durable, perhaps curative, treatment, for patients with B cell-mediated autoimmune diseases. The Cabaletta Approach to selective B cell Ablation (CABA<sup>TM</sup>) platform, in combination with Cabaletta's proprietary technology, utilizes Chimeric AutoAntibody Receptor (CAAR) T cells that are designed to selectively bind and eliminate only specific autoantibody-producing B cells while sparing normal antibody-producing B cells, which are essential for human health. The Company's lead product candidate, DSG3-CAART, is being evaluated in the DesCAARTes<sup>TM</sup> phase 1 clinical trial as a potential treatment for patients with mucosal pemphigus vulgaris, a prototypical B cell-mediated autoimmune disease. The FDA granted Fast Track Designation for DSG3-CAART in May 2020. For more information about the DesCAARTes<sup>TM</sup> Phase 1 clinical trial, please see <a href="https://www.clinicaltrials.gov">www.clinicaltrials.gov</a>. The Company's lead preclinical product candidate, MuSK-CAART, is in IND-enabling studies and is designed as a potential treatment for patients with MuSK-associated myasthenia gravis. For more information, visit <a href="https://www.cabalettabio.com">www.cabalettabio.com</a>.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains "forward-looking statements" of Cabaletta within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended, including without limitation, express or implied statements regarding expectations regarding the progress and results of its DesCAARTes™ Phase 1 trial, including Cabaletta's ability to enroll the requisite number of patients, progress of the trial, results and expected timing to report additional acute safety data for the second and third cohorts in the third and fourth quarters of 2021, respectively, and topline data on any completed dosing cohorts in the second half of 2021; the expectation that Cabaletta may improve outcomes for patients suffering from mPV; the effectiveness and timing of product candidates that Cabaletta may develop, including in collaboration with academic partners; the safety, efficacy and tolerability of DSG3-CAART for the treatment of mPV; MuSK-CAART program, including the completion and expected results of its ongoing IND-enabling studies and plans to submit an IND application or equivalent regulatory filing for MuSK-CAART in the second half of 2021; presentation of additional data at upcoming scientific conferences, and other preclinical data; expectations regarding the design, implementation, timing and success of its current and planned clinical trials and the successful completion of nonclinical studies; planned potential timing and advancement of its preclinical studies and clinical trials and related regulatory submissions; ability and the potential to successfully maintain or secure the necessary cell processing capacity and supply for its product candidates for clinical trials, including Cabaletta's planned development and timing of next generation T cell engineering tools and process advancement; ability to replicate results achieved in preclinical studies or clinical trials in any future studies or trials; ability to continue its growth and realize the anticipated contribution of the members of its board of directors an

its DesCAARTes<sup>TM</sup> Phase 1 trial; statements regarding regulatory filings regarding its development programs; use of capital, expenses, future accumulated deficit and other financial results in the future; and ability to fund operations through the fourth quarter of 2022.

Any forward-looking statements in this press release are based on management's current expectations and beliefs of future events, and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: risks related to the impact of COVID-19 affecting countries or regions in which we have operations or do business, including potential negative impacts on our employees, customers, supply chain and production as well as global economies and financial markets; risks related to Cabaletta's ability to protect and maintain its intellectual property position; Cabaletta's ability to demonstrate sufficient evidence of safety, efficacy and tolerability in its clinical trials of DSG3-CAART; risks related to clinical trial site activation or enrollment rates that are lower than expected; risks related to unexpected safety or efficacy data observed during clinical studies; risks related to Cabaletta's ability to protect and maintain its intellectual property position; uncertainties related to the initiation and conduct of studies and other development requirements for its product candidates; and the risk that the results of preclinical studies or clinical studies will not be predictive of future results in connection with future studies. For a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties, and other important factors, any of which could cause Cabaletta's actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Cabaletta's most recent annual report on Form 10-K as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties, and other important factors in Cabaletta's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All information in this press release is as of the date of the release, and Cabaletta undertakes no duty to update this information unless required by law.

#### CABALETTA BIO, INC. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

(unaudited; in thousands, except share and per share data)

### **Statements of Operations**

	Three Months Ended March 31,
	2021 2020
	Unaudited
Operating expenses:	
Research and development	\$ 6,556 \$ 4,620
General and administrative	3,156 3,273
Total operating expenses	9,712 7,899
Loss from operations	(9,712) (7,895
Other income:	
Interest income	10410
Net loss	(9,702) (7,485
Net loss per share of voting and non-voting common stock, basic and diluted	\$ <u>(0.41)</u> \$ <u>(0.33</u>

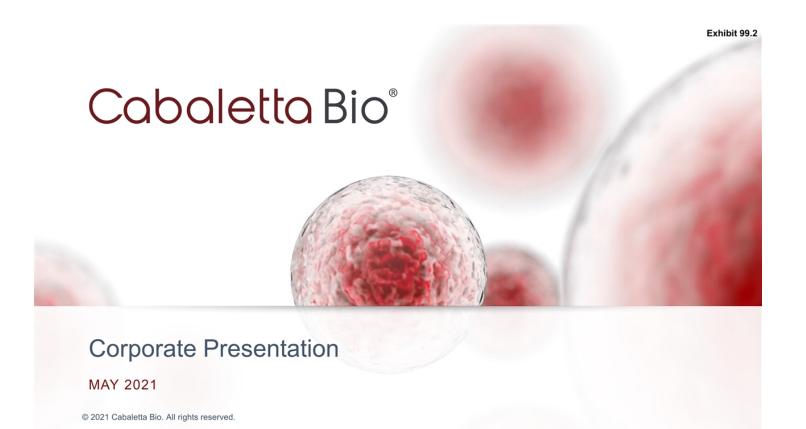
### **Selected Balance Sheet Data**

	March 31,	December 31,
	2021	2020
	(una	audited)
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$102,028	\$ 108,662
Total assets	107,283	114,724
Total liabilities	3,969	5,180
Total stockholders' equity	103,314	109,544

### Contacts:

Anup Marda Chief Financial Officer investors@cabalettabio.com

Sarah McCabe Stern Investor Relations, Inc. 212-362-1200 sarah.mccabe@sternir.com



### Disclaimer

The following presentation, including any printed or electronic copy of these slides, the talks given by the presenters, the information communicated during any delivery of the presentation and any question and answer session and any document or material distributed at or in connection with the presentation (collectively, the "Presentation") has been prepared by Cabaletta Bio, Inc. ("we," "us," "our," "Cabaletta" or the "Company") and is made for informational purposes only and does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy securities, nor shall there be any sale of any securities in any state or jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state or jurisdiction. This Presentation does not purport to be a prospectus, to be complete or to contain all of the information you may desire. Statements contained herein are made as of the date of this Presentation unless stated otherwise, and neither this Presentation, nor any sale of securities, shall under any circumstances create an implication that the information contained herein is correct as of any time after such date or that information will be updated or revised to reflect information that subsequently becomes available or changes occurring after the date hereof. This Presentation may contain "forward-looking statements" relating to our business, operations, and financial conditions, including, but not limited to, current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, our development plans, our preclinical and clinical results and other future conditions. Words such as, but not limited to, "look forward to," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "would," "should" and "could," and similar expressions or words, identify forward-looking statements. Factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, among others, the success, cost, and timing of our product candidate development activities and preclinical studies and clinical trials, our ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approval for our product candidates, our ability to commercialize our product candidates, future agreements with third parties in connection with the development or commercialization of our product candidates, the size and growth potential of the market for our product candidates, our ability to contract with third-party suppliers and manufacturers and our ability to develop internal manufacturing capabilities and facilities, the accuracy of our estimates regarding expenses, future revenue, capital requirements, and needs for additional financing, and our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our product candidates. Various risks, uncertainties and assumptions could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated or implied in our forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, uncertainties caused by adverse economic conditions, including, without limitation, as a result of extraordinary events or circumstances such as the COVID-19 pandemic, and any business interruptions to our operations or to those of our clinical sites, manufacturers, suppliers, or other vendors resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic or similar public health crisis. New risks and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncertainties. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Accordingly, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forwardlooking statements. No representations or warranties (expressed or implied) are made about the accuracy of any such forward-looking statements. For a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties, and other important factors, any of which could cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our 2020 annual report on Form 10-K, as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties, and other important factors in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information contained in this Presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and the Company's own internal estimates and research. While the Company believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this Presentation, it has not independently verified, and makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. The Company is the owner of various trademarks, trade names and service marks. Certain other trademarks, trade names and service marks appearing in this Presentation are the property of third parties. Solely for convenience, the trademarks and trade names in this Presentation are referred to without the ® and TM symbols, but such references should not be construed as any indicator that their respective owners will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, their rights thereto.

Cabaletta Bio°

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Develop and launch the first curative targeted cellular therapies for patients with autoimmune diseases

# Cabaletta Bio®

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### Cabaletta overview

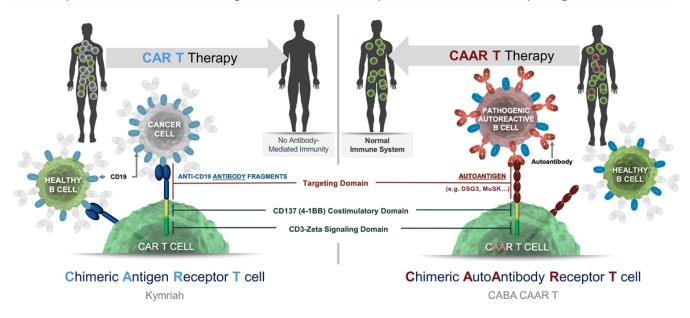
- Developing highly specific CAAR T products to treat B cell-mediated autoimmune diseases
  - · Where there is a biologic opportunity for deep and durable, perhaps curative, responses
  - · Leveraging a clinically validated CAR T product design and manufacturing process through Penn alliance
- Phase 1 DesCAARTes™ trial ongoing for patients with mucosal pemphigus vulgaris (mPV)
  - No DLTs or any clinically relevant toxicities observed in the 1st 8 days following infusion for all 3 patients in the 1st cohort
    - DSG3-CAART cells were detected at low levels via gPCR in both patients evaluated to date
    - · 20M cell dose without lymphodepletion and in the presence of circulating anti-DSG3 antibodies within patients
  - Target engagement data from cohort 1, and acute safety data from the 1st 3 cohorts anticipated this year1
- Preclinical pipeline led by MuSK-CAART for myasthenia gravis IND filing planned in 2H21
  - PLA2R-CAART pre-IND meeting with FDA anticipated in 2H21 ~75% of 1º membranous nephropathy patients have PLA2R antibodies
  - Product portfolio<sup>2</sup> currently targeting diseases that affect over 80,000 patients in the US
- Issued U.S. patent on lead clinical program with emerging differentiated IP portfolio
  - · First issued CAAR T product patent covers all or any part of the relevant human antigens (DSG3 and DSG1)
- Cash runway through at least 4Q22 with \$102M in cash and investments as of March 31, 2021

1. Assumes no dose-limiting toxicities are observed during cohort and uninterrupted enrollment occurs in the trial.

Includes five disclosed product candidates and two undisclosed pipeline disease targets in our pipeline through expansion of our Sponsored Research Agreement with the University of Pennsylvania.

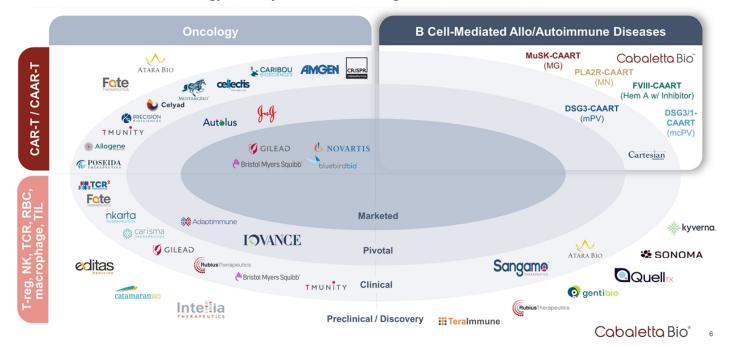
## Our scientific platform leverages clinically validated CAR T technology

CAAR T product candidates are designed for selective and specific elimination of the pathogenic B cells



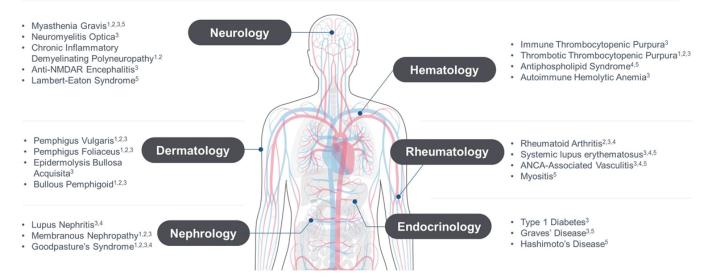
## Cabaletta: Advancing targeted cell therapy to autoimmunity

Foundational CAR T technology clinically validated in treating B cell-mediated cancers



### CABA platform may apply across a range of autoimmune diseases

Biologic opportunity for cure or treatment may be possible in dozens of B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases\*



<sup>\*\*</sup>Instrutive iss or aiseases where biologic opportunity for cure or treatment may be possible.

1. Koneczny, Inga. "Update on IgG4-mediated autoimmune diseases: new insights and new family members." Autoimmunity Reviews (2020): 102646.

2. Huijbers, Maartje G., et al. "IgG4-mediated autoimmune diseases: a niche of antibody-mediated disorders." Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences 1413.1 (2018): 92.

3. Ludwig, Ralf J., et al. "Nechanisms of autoentibody-induced pathology." Frontiers in immunology 8 (2017): 603.

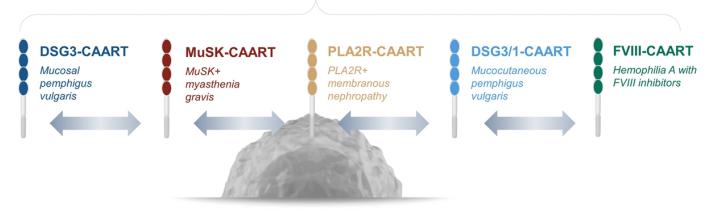
4. Suurmond, Jolien, and Betty Diamond. "Autoantibodies in systemic autoimmune diseases: specificity and pathogenicity." The Journal of clinical investigation 125.6 (2015): 2194-2202.

5. Xiao, Ze Xiu, Joseph S. Miller, and Song Guo Zheng. "An updated advance of autoantibodies in autoimmune diseases." Autoimmunity Reviews (2020): 102743.

## Modular platform with "plug-and-play" architecture

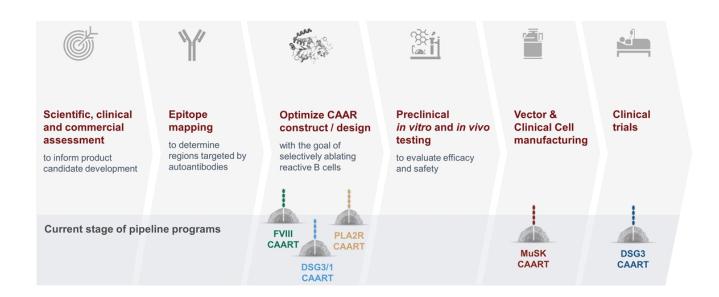
Technology foundation designed to enable a portfolio of programs targeting B cell-mediated diseases

### Swapping the extracellular domain, or autoantigen, creates new product candidates



Clinically validated engineered T cell platform is the foundational technology

## CABA (Cabaletta Approach for Selective B cell Ablation) platform



## Data from the DesCAARTes™ trial provides read-through to pipeline

We believe the initial DesCAARTes™ data begins to de-risk the platform



Manufacturing success in clinical trial



Acute safety in patients with mPV



Future Data: Target engagement

- Strong relationship with Penn CVPF manufacturing organization
- Use of validated process from CAR T experience at Penn helps mitigate risk
- 100% success rate for DesCAARTes™ trial manufacturing to date in the first cohort
- No DLTs or any clinically relevant toxicities observed in initial cohort through 8 days
- DSG3-CAART was detected at low levels via qPCR in both patients evaluated to date
  - 20M DSG3-CAART cell dose administered without lymphodepletion
  - In patients with soluble circulating anti-DSG3 antibodies
- Next dosing cohort is at 100M DSG3-CAART cells
  - Plan to initiate next cohort once patient 3 completes 28 day follow up absent DLTs
  - Two cohorts higher than 100M cells are currently planned as well, if necessary
- We believe biologic activity is present if DSG3 Ab titers consistently reduced by >20%
- More robust anti-DSG3 titer decline expected with greater target engagement
- · Many variables to modify and strategies to maximize target engagement

## Pipeline<sup>1</sup> includes multiple disease targets where cure is possible

Therapeutic Area	Indication	Program	Discovery <sup>2</sup>	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2/3
	Mucosal Pemphigus Vulgaris	DSG3-CAART				
Dermatology	Mucocutaneous Pemphigus Vulgaris	DSG3/1-CAART				
Neurology	MuSK Myasthenia Gravis	MuSK-CAART				
Nephrology	PLA2R Membranous Nephropathy	PLA2R-CAART				
Hematology	Hemophilia A w/ FVIII Alloantibodies	FVIII-CAART				

Current pipeline includes 7 programs targeting diseases affecting >80,000 patients in the US

<sup>1.</sup> Two additional undisclosed disease targets added to our pipeline portfolio through expansion of our Sponsored Research Agreement with the University of Pennsylvania are not shown.

Cabaletta Bio\*



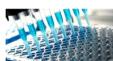
# Cabaletta Bio®

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### PV is an optimal lead indication for CAAR T therapy

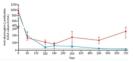
DSG3 antibodies are widely considered to be necessary and sufficient to cause PV1



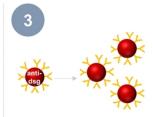


Serum anti-DSG3 antibodies are 98 - 100% sensitive and specific2

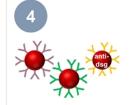




Depletion of B cells by rituximab<sup>3</sup> or antibody by plasmapheresis transiently improves clinical disease



Incomplete B cell depletion by rituximab leads to PV recurrences. with identical diseasecausing B cell clones<sup>4,5</sup>



The B cell repertoire and antigenic epitopes on DSG1/3 are well understood<sup>6</sup>. and formed the basis for DSG3 and DSG1 CAAR designs





The DSG3 CAAR has published animal model proof-of-concept validation7

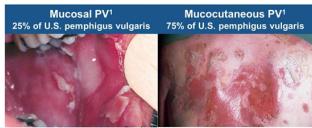
- Spindler, Volker, et al. "Mechanisms causing loss of keratinocyte cohesion in pemphigus." Journal of Investigative Dermatology 138.1 (2018): 32-37.
   Schmidt, Enno, et al. "Novel ELISA systems for antibodies to desmoglein 1 and 3." Experimental dermatology 19.5 (2010): 458-463.
   Joly, Pascal, et al. "First-line rituximab combined with short-term prednisone versus prednisone alone for the treatment of pemphigus (Ritux 3): a prospective, multicentre, parallel-group, open-label randomised trial." The Lancet 389.10083 (2017): 2031-2040.
   Mouquet, Hugo, et al. "Be-cell depletion immunotherapy in pemphigus: effects on cellular and humoral immune responses." Journal of Investigative Dermatology 128.12 (2008): 2859-2869.
   Hammers, Christoph M., et al. "Persistence of anti-desmoglein 3 IgG+ B-cell clones in pemphigus patients over years." Journal of Investigative Dermatology 135.3 (2015): 742-749.
   Ohyama, Bungo, et al. "Epitope spreading is rarely found in pemphigus vulgaris by large-scale longitudinal study using desmoglein 2-based swapped molecules." Journal of investigative dermatology 133.4 (2012): 1188-1168.

- dermatology 132.4 (2012): 1158-1168.

  7. Ellebrecht, Christoph T., et al. "Reengineering chimeric antigen receptor T cells for targeted therapy of autoimmune disease." Science 353.6295 (2016): 179-184.

### Overview of Pemphigus Vulgaris

Current treatments require broad immunosuppression associated with safety risks and transient efficacy



Associated Antibody	Anti-DSG3	Anti-DSG3 + Anti-DSG1		
Painful blisters of the mu membranes (mouth, nose, esophagus, eyes, genitalia,		se, larynx, Blisters on orifices and skin		
US Disease Prevalence	3,250 to 4,750	9,750 to 14,250		

### **Current Treatment Landscape**

### Broad immunosuppression3,4

- · Modestly effective
- · Poorly tolerated

### Rituximab plus steroids (~2,800mg/yr)<sup>2</sup>

- Response: ~40% of patients achieved a 16-week period with no lesions or medicines during 1 yr2
- 5-9%<sup>2,3</sup> annual risk of severe infection in PV
- · Real world data indicate:
  - Transient remission ~ 70% CROT4:
    - ~30% relapse in 1 year<sup>4</sup>
    - >50% relapse within 2 years<sup>4</sup>
  - ~30% never achieve CROT<sup>4</sup>
  - ~1.9% lifetime risk of fatal infection<sup>5</sup>

CROT = 8+ weeks without lesions while off systemic therapy

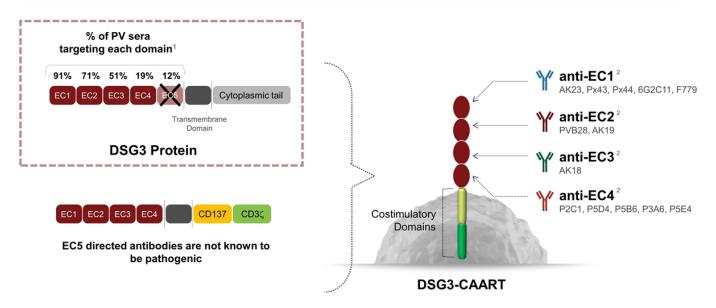
- 1. Image credit: D@nderm.
  2. Rituximab label, 08/2020 revision.
  3. Joly, Pascal, et al. "First-line rituximab combined with short-term prednisone versus prednisone alone for the treatment of pemphigus (Ritux 3): a prospective, multicentre, parallel-group, open-label randomised trial." The Lancet 389.10083 (2017): 2031-2040.
  4. Kushner, Carolyn J., et al. "Factors Associated With Complete Remission After Rituximab Therapy for Pemphigus." JAMA dermatology (2019).

  The lancet of the Remission After Rituximab Therapy for Pemphigus." JAMA dermatology (2019).

5. Tony, Hans-Peter, et al. "Safety and clinical outcomes of rituximab therapy in patients with different autoimmune diseases: experience research & therapy 13.3 (2011): 1-14.

## DSG3-CAART is designed to bind all known pathogenic autoantibodies

Inclusion of all disease-relevant epitopes enables a 'one-size-fits-all' approach for patients with mPV



Ohyama, Bungo, et al. "Epitope spreading is rarely found in pemphigus vulgaris by large-scale longitudinal study using desmoglein 2-based swapped molecules." Journal of investigative dermatology 132.4 (2012): 1158-1168.
 Antibodies that target the specific extracellular domain are shown below each extracellular domain.

## DSG3-CAART preclinical data<sup>1,2</sup>

No evidence of toxicity at clinically relevant doses with selective and specific target engagement

	INDICATOR	RESULTS	
Tolerability	<i>In vitr</i> o off-target toxicity	No specific cytotoxicity at clinically relevant cell numbers vs $Fc\gamma R$ -expressing cells No confirmed interactions with human membrane proteins	
Tol	<i>In vivo o</i> ff-target toxicity	No off-target effects detected at clinically relevant doses	
ent	Anti-DSG3 autoantibody titer	Serologic 'remission' – dose-dependent elimination of anti-DSG3 B cells and antibodies	
Engagement	CAAR T cell engraftment	Dose-dependent increase in CAAR-positive cells observed via flow cytometry	
et Eng	Tissue blistering	Histologic 'remission' – no blistering of oral mucosa	
Target	Anti-DSG3 hybridoma outgrowth	Significantly delayed outgrowth despite soluble anti-DSG antibodies	

<sup>1.</sup> Ellebrecht, Christoph T., et al. "Reengineering chimeric antigen receptor T cells for targeted therapy of autoimmune disease." Science 353.6295 (2016): 179-184. 2. Lee, Jinmin, et al. "Antigen-specific B-cell depletion for precision therapy of mucosal pemphigus vulgaris." The Journal of Clinical Investigation (2020).

### DesCAARTes™:

Phase 1 clinical trial in mucosal-dominant PV (mPV) patients

### Open-label study to determine the maximum tolerated dose & fractionation of DSG3-CAART

### **Major Inclusion Criteria**

- Age: ≥18
- Inadequately managed by standard immunosuppressive therapies
- · Confirmed diagnosis
- · Active disease
- · Anti-DSG3 antibody positive

### Major Exclusion Criteria

- · Rituximab recently administered
- Prednisone > 0.25mg/kg/day
- Other autoimmune disorder requiring immunosuppressive therapies
- · Recent investigational treatment
- · ALC < 1,000 at screening

SCREENING PERIOD		TREATMENT PERIOD (1-3 WEEKS)	<b>&gt;</b>	FOLLOWED (2-4 WEEKS)		Next Patient P	
	Pa	rt		Cohort	#	Subjects	

Part	Cohort	# Subjects	
A – Dose Escalation Fractionated infusion at increasing dose levels	A1-A4	3 (+3) per cohort	
B – Dose Consolidation Consolidating selected dose fractions into a single infusion	B1-B2	3 (+3) per cohort	
C – Expansion <sup>1</sup> Expanded subject enrollment at final selected dose	С	~12	
	Total	~30 (+18)	

### **Study Endpoint & Objectives**

Primary Endpoint: Adverse Events, including Dose Limiting Toxicity (DLT)

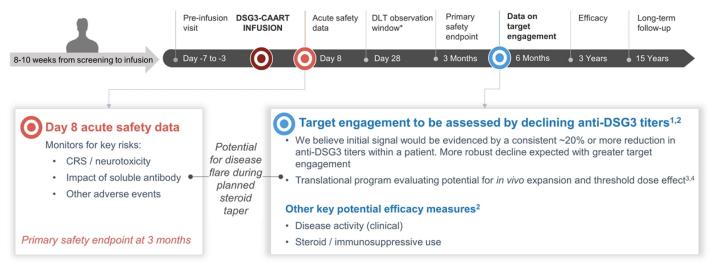
 DLTs include any grade 3 or 4 CRS or neurotoxicity, or any grade 2 CRS or neurotoxicity that failed to improve to ≤ Grade 1 or baseline within 7 days

Secondary Objectives: DSG3 ELISA titer changes, rate of/time to/duration of remission, manufacturing success rate, CAAR T expansion/persistence

<sup>1.</sup> FDA has requested, and the Company has agreed, that we will share data from part A to inform a discussion on the optimal design of part C. According to FDA advice, the submission of part A data is not gating to planned enrollment in part B.

### DesCAARTes™ clinical trial assessments and timeframes

Safety assessed acutely (Day 8) and at 3 months, with data on potential target engagement by 6 months



- \* Clearance of 28-day observation window without DLTs required to initiate next dosing cohort.

- 1. Spindler, Volker, et al. "Mechanisms causing loss of keratinocyte cohesion in pemphigus." Journal of Investigative Dermatology 138.1 (2018): 32-37.

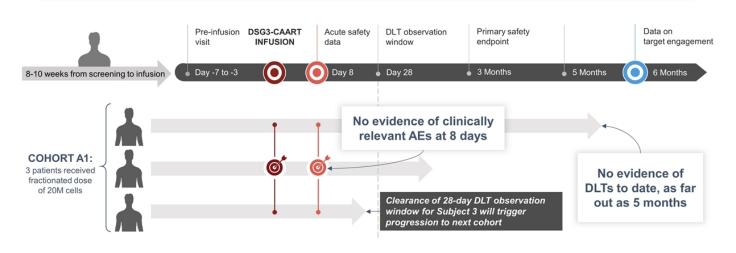
  2. This information represents data that we believe can be used to inform potential efficacy endpoints in future clinical development.

  3. Dasyam, Nathaniel, Philip George, and Robert Weinkove. "Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapies: Optimising the dose." British journal of clinical pharmacology 86.9 (2020): 1678-1689.

4. Raje, Noopur, et al. "Anti-BCMA CAR T-cell therapy bb2121 in relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma." New England Journal of Medicine 380.18 (2019): 1726-1737.

### No DLTs observed to date in 1st cohort of DesCAARTes™ trial

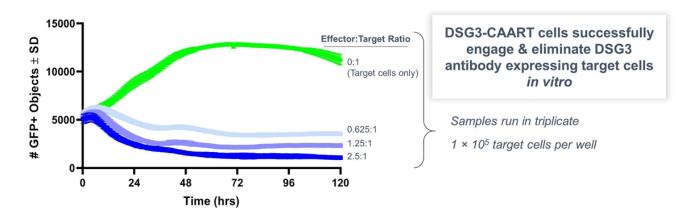
Promising initial safety profile for all 3 patients dosed with DSG3-CAART in the 1st trial cohort



No clinically meaningful adverse events in any subject to date

### Manufactured DSG3-CAART cells exhibit target elimination in vitro

100% success rate for manufacturing of DSG3-CAART cells in DesCAARTes™ trial to date



Manufacturing partnership with Penn is delivering necessary quality & capacity for the clinical trial requirements

## Initial clinical safety profile in 1st cohort informed by several factors

### No DLTs or clinically relevant toxicities in 1st three patients to date

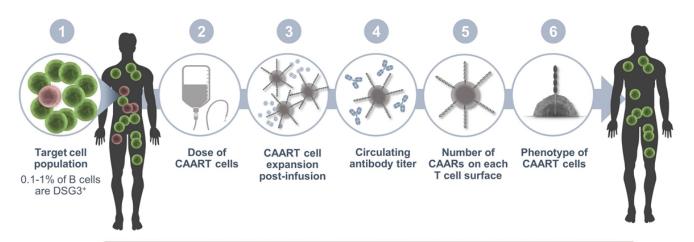
- · At a 20 million cell dose, in the absence of lymphodepletion
- Circulating anti-DSG3 antibodies present in all patients at infusion
- Patients 1 and 2 have completed the 28-day DLT monitoring period
  - DSG3-CAART was observed at low levels via qPCR in both patients
- Patient 3 has completed the acute safety period (1st 8-days post-infusion)
  - · Evaluation for DSG3-CAART has not yet occurred

### Future topline target engagement data to be disclosed on a cohort-by-cohort basis

- Target engagement in the 1st cohort possible, but not expected
- Topline target engagement data on 1st cohort to be reported in 2H21

## Potential drivers of target engagement in autoimmune disease

Range of strategies to consider for targeted cell therapy approaches in patients with autoimmune diseases



Many options exist to enhance signals of target engagement



## Accelerating timelines for DesCAARTes™ trial

Strong interest by study sites, with three sites actively enrolling and many more working to open



	Milestone	1Q 2021	2Q 2021	3Q 2021	4Q 2021
DSG3-CAART: Data from	1 <sup>st</sup> cohort <sup>1</sup>	(	COMPLETED		
DesCAARTes™ Trial  Acute Safety	2 <sup>nd</sup> cohort <sup>1</sup>				2
Target Engagement	3 <sup>rd</sup> cohort <sup>1</sup>				

Accelerating development & learnings from DesCAARTes™ trial to inform MuSK-CAART & future programs

1. Assumes no dose-limiting toxicities are observed during cohort and uninterrupted enrollment occurs in the trial. 2. Expect to report in 4Q21 or 1Q22.

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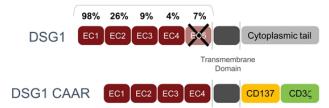
### DSG3/1 CAART for mucocutaneous PV (mcPV)

Plan to potentially submit an IND after review of safety and target engagement data from DSG3-CAART

### DSG3/1 CAARs designed for mcPV

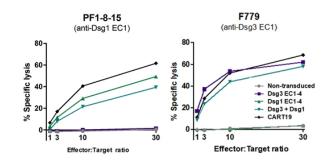
- DSG3 and DSG1 autoantibodies
- Most severe and common form of PV (~75%)
- Mucosal blistering, plus skin erosion and blistering
- Managed with immune suppression, similar to mPV
  - High risk of relapse
  - Potential for hospitalizations and fatal infections

### % of PV sera targeting each domain<sup>1</sup>

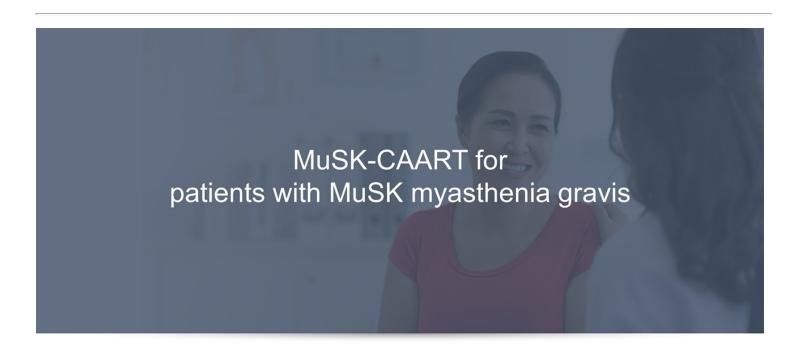


### **DSG1-CAART and DSG3-CAART both** demonstrated specific cytotoxicity in vitro<sup>2</sup>

· Together, DSG1-CAART and DSG3-CAART demonstrated cytotoxicity towards anti-DSG3 and anti-DSG1 B cells



Ohyama, Bungo, et al. "Epitope spreading is rarely found in pemphigus vulgaris by large-scale longitudinal study using desmoglein 2-based swapped molecules." Journal of investigative dermatology 132.4 (2012): 1158-1168.
 As presented at the 2018 International Investigative Dermatology conference.

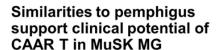


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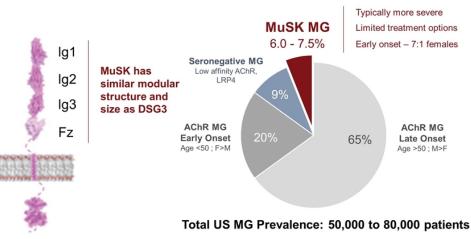
25

### High unmet need in MuSK myasthenia gravis; a valuable CAAR target

All known extracellular domains can be included in the CAAR design



- Autoantibody titers drop after rituximab<sup>1,2</sup>
- Pathogenic B cells are incompletely eliminated by rituximab and persist during relapse<sup>3</sup>



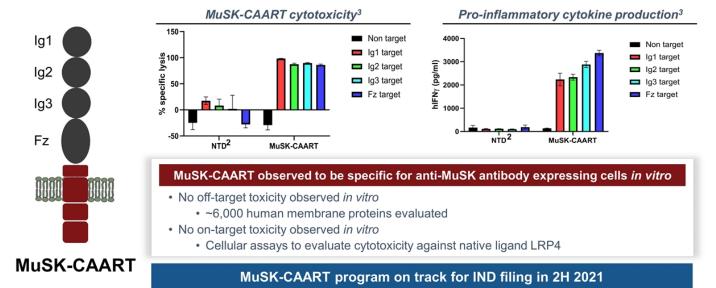
<sup>1.</sup> Hain, Berit, et al. "Successful treatment of MuSK antibody—positive myasthenia gravis with rituximab." Muscle & Nerve: Official Journal of the American Association of Electrodiagnostic Medicine 33.4 (2006): 575-580.

2. Illa, Isabel, et al. "Sustained response to Rituximab in anti-AChR and anti-MuSK positive Myasthenia Gravis patients." Journal of neuroimmunology 201 (2008): 90-94.

3. Jiang, Ruoyi, et al. "Single-cell repertoire tracing identifies rituximab-resistant B cells during myasthenia gravis relapses." JCl insight 5.14 (2020).

### MuSK-CAART showed in vitro selective & specific target engagement<sup>1</sup>

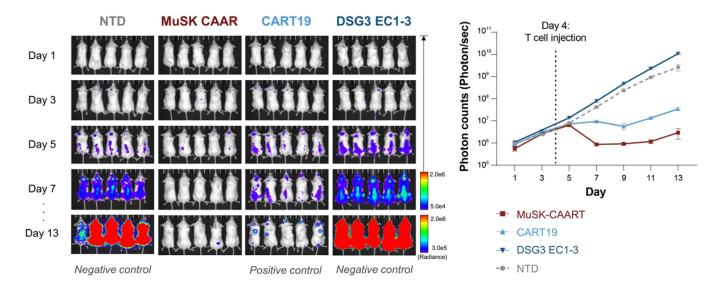
Additional in vitro studies demonstrated no confirmed off-target toxicity observed with MuSK-CAART to date



https://cabalettabio.com/technology/posters-publications.
 NTD = non transduced T cell control against the same target cells
 Target cells are the pre B cell line, Nalm-6, genetically modified to express anti-MuSK antibodies specific for one of the MuSK domains, Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Fz

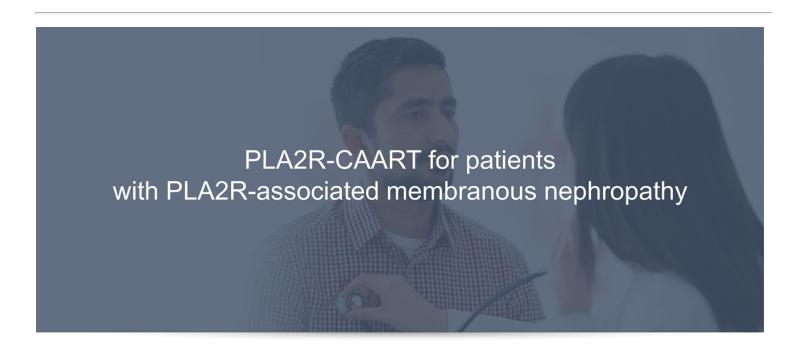
## MuSK-CAART demonstrated specific in vivo target engagement<sup>1</sup>

MuSK-CAART eliminated anti-MuSK target cells<sup>2</sup> in an animal model where CART19 cells were a positive control



<sup>1. &</sup>lt;a href="https://cabalettabio.com/technology/posters-publications">https://cabalettabio.com/technology/posters-publications</a>.

2. Target cells represent a B cell tumor line (CD19 positive) that has been modified to express the anti-MuSK antibody.



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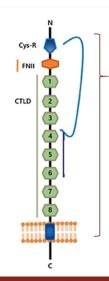
### Discovery-stage CAART program in membranous nephropathy

Primary MN is an immune-mediated kidney disease with anti-PLA2R antibodies in ~75% of patients

Membranous nephropathy (MN) is a type of glomerular disease that causes nephrotic syndrome and may lead to kidney failure

# Accumulating evidence of a correlation between PLA2R antibodies and disease activity, remission and relapse in primary MN

- PLA2R autoantibody levels routinely used as diagnostic and prognostic markers
- 2 Autoantibody titer shown to precede and rise rapidly before clinical manifestations
- 3 Co-localization of antigen & PLA2R antibodies at site of damage in kidney



# PLA2R+ MN is attractive for CAAR development

- Single pass transmembrane protein with distinct immunogenic regions
- Epitopes are well-defined
- ▶ IgG4-dominant disease, similar to PV and MuSK MG

Multiple lead candidates containing the main immunogenic epitopes demonstrate specific target engagement and cytolytic activity; lead product candidate being confirmed

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### Changing treatment paradigm highlights the role of B cells in disease

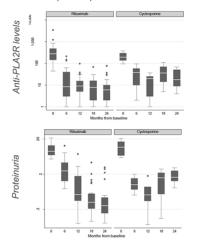
Opportunity to develop antigen-targeted therapy to address significant unmet need

### High unmet need despite B cell-depleting therapies

- Rituximab increasing 1st line for medium to high-risk pts
  - 1/3 cure; 1/3 relapse; 1/3 fail1
  - · Relapse of nephrotic syndrome occurs within 2-4 years
  - Preceded by return of B cells & PLA2R autoantibodies
- Patients with higher anti-PLA2R levels at baseline and with epitope spreading less likely to respond to rituximab
- Up to 30% of diagnosed patients develop ESRD

#### MENTOR trial results:

Antibody levels & proteinuria by group in patients with complete or partial remission at month 24



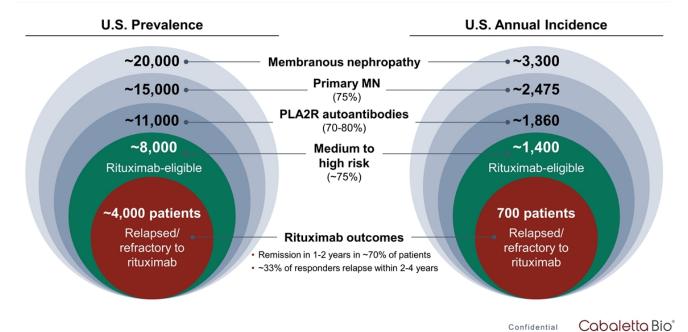
PLA2R antibody levels correlate with proteinuria, a commonly used surrogate endpoint

1. Accelerated rituximab clearance secondary to renal damage in patients with MN thought to be a major driver of limited drug effect.

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### Potential addressable market for PLA2R-CAART

Eligible population prevalence of ~4,000 to 8,000 patients & annual incidence of ~700 to 1,400 patients



### Consistent progress on PLA2R-CAART program

Rapid advancement through CABA development engine with near-term planned interactions with FDA





# Cabaletta Bio®

### Manufacturing strategy

Three-stage approach allows for efficient allocation of capital while leveraging experienced partners

### Stage 1: Penn DSG3-CAART Phase 11

Stage 2: CDMOs & CABA Process MuSK-CAART Phase 1

Stage 3: Cabaletta Facility Commercialization & Scale-Up

· Cell processing capacity secured

· SOPs previously used to develop an

through Penn partnership











· CDMOs for vector and cell processing with commercial support capabilities

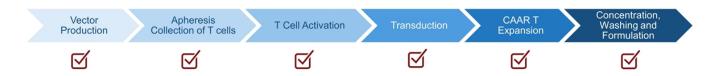


· Build out Cabaletta-owned manufacturing facility

FDA approved product · Clinical vector validated

### Parallel steps in manufacturing process<sup>1</sup> for CAR T vs CAAR T

Vector production and cell processing are key risks mitigated by strategy, partnership, process and people



### Utilizing a clinically validated CART19 cell manufacturing process mitigates risks

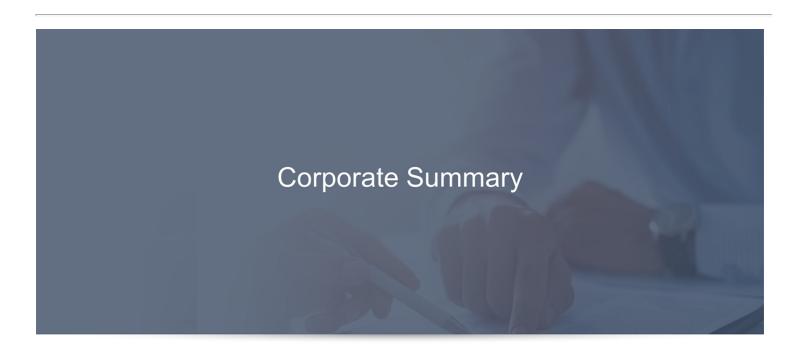
- Cross referenced Penn CART19 IND including CMC process<sup>1</sup>
- Penn process, not Novartis process, avoiding Kymriah release challenges<sup>2</sup>
- Engineering runs have demonstrated efficient manufacture of DSG3-CAART cells from PV patients<sup>3</sup>

### Multiple runs contractually secured each month at Penn

Subject to future COVID-19 impact

### DSG3 vector supply validated and secured

1. Penn-sponsored CD19 CAR IND CMC data has been cross-referenced in DSG3-CAART IND to provide additional data.
2. Manufacturing challenges were due to release specifications: <a href="https://www.biopharmadive.com/news/novartis-hits-car-t-manufacturing-snaq-as-kymriah-sales-disappoint/528202/">https://www.biopharmadive.com/news/novartis-hits-car-t-manufacturing-snaq-as-kymriah-sales-disappoint/528202/</a>.
3. T cells isolated from patients with a range of treatment regimens of low to high intensity were tested; the highest intensity regimen and patients with ALC<1000 cells/uL expanded less well and will be excluded from the trial design.



# Cabaletta Bio®

### Leadership team

### **LEADERSHIP TEAM**



Steven Nichtberger, M.D. President, CEO & Chairman





**Gwendolyn Binder, Ph.D. David J. Chang, M.D., M.P.H.** EVP Science & Technology Chief Medical Officer



Anup Marda Chief Financial Officer



Arun Das, M.D. Executive Director BD



Martha O'Connor Chief HR Officer



J. Brian Stalter, J.D. General Counsel















MEDAREX<sup>\*</sup> Bristol-Myers Squibb

### SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY BOARD



Aimee Payne, M.D., Ph.D. Co-Founder and Co-Chair Renn Penn



Michael C. Milone, M.D., Ph.D. Co-Founder and Co-Chair









Jay Siegel, M.D.





lain McInnes, PhD, FRCP, FRSE, FMedSci





## Updated 2021 anticipated milestones

	Milestone	1Q 2021	2Q 2021	3Q 2021	4Q 2021
DSG3-CAART: Data from DesCAARTes <sup>TM</sup> Trial  Acute Safety  Target Engagement	1st cohort1	<b>©</b>	COMPLETED		
	2 <sup>nd</sup> cohort <sup>1</sup>				2
	3 <sup>rd</sup> cohort <sup>1</sup>				
MuSK-CAART	Validate manufacturing process with CMO partner				
	MuSK-CAART IND filing				
PLA2R-CAART	Pre-IND meeting with FDA				

<sup>1.</sup> Assumes no dose-limiting toxicities are observed during cohort and uninterrupted enrollment occurs in the trial. 2. Expect to report in 4Q21 or 1Q22.

### Cabaletta Today

Leveraging a clinically validated CAR T platform as a novel approach to treating autoimmune diseases aiming to provide:

- Deep and durable responses, potentially cures, for autoimmune patients
- Highly specific, targeted therapy designed to eliminate only pathogenic B cells
- · Target engagement based on strength of biological rationale, deep understanding of translational data and many ways to deliver on the promise for patients

Multiple potential near-term clinical data catalysts with potential for pipeline read-through

Acute safety, target engagement, clinical responses

**Expanding network of academic & industry partners** to enhance platform





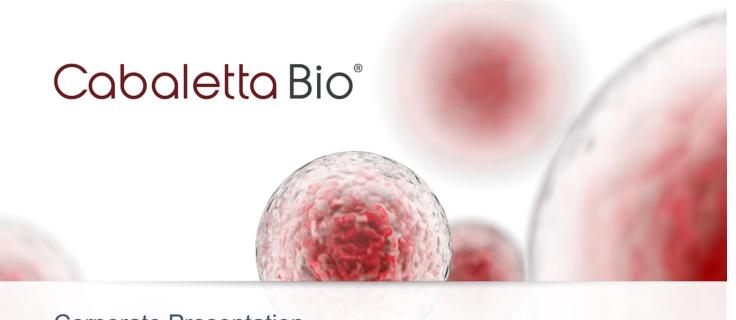












## Corporate Presentation

MAY 2021

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#### Cabaletta Bio Reports Acute Safety Data from the First Dose Cohort in DesCAARTes™ Trial

- No dose limiting toxicities (DLTs) or clinically relevant adverse events observed in the first dose cohort as of April 30, 2021 -
  - Second dose cohort to be initiated after the third patient completes 28 day follow up, absent any DLT-
- Acute safety data from the second and third cohorts are anticipated in the third and fourth quarters of 2021, respectively. Topline data on target engagement in the first cohort are expected in the second half of 2021
  - Company to host conference call today at 8:30 a.m. ET-

PHILADELPHIA, May 3, 2021 — Cabaletta Bio, Inc. (Nasdaq: CABA), a clinical-stage biotechnology company focused on the discovery and development of engineered T cell therapies for patients with B cell-mediated autoimmune diseases, today announced acute safety data from the first dose cohort of the ongoing DesCAARTes™ Phase 1 clinical trial of DSG3-CAART for the treatment of patients with mucosal-dominant pemphigus vulgaris (mPV).

"We are encouraged by the acute safety profile of DSG3-CAART in this initial low dose cohort. In the first cohort of three patients dosed with DSG3-CAART, there were no clinically relevant adverse events, including cytokine release syndrome or neurotoxicity, during the 8-day acute safety window, which we expect is the period with highest probability of observing treatment-related toxicities. In addition, no dose-limiting toxicities or clinically relevant adverse events were observed in the two patients who have completed more than the full 28-day DLT monitoring period post-infusion," said David J. Chang, M.D., Chief Medical Officer of Cabaletta. These safety data were observed with an administered dose of 20 million DSG3-CAART cells, without preconditioning and in the presence of circulating anti-DSG3 antibodies; DSG3-CAART was detected at low levels via quantitative polymerase chain reaction in both patients who have been evaluated and completed the 28-day DLT period. The third patient is scheduled to be evaluated for presence of DSG3-CAART after the 28-day follow-up period.

"The pace of the clinical trial is accelerating with the ongoing enrollment of patients and engagement of additional clinical sites. We believe these initial safety data represent an important step towards achieving our goal to offer a therapy that may provide deep and durable responses, and potentially cures, for patients in the pemphigus community," said Dr. Chang.

The DesCAARTes™ trial is currently enrolling patients in the second cohort at a treatment dose of 100 million DSG3-CAART cells. Infusions are planned to initiate following the third patient in the first dose cohort completing the 28-day monitoring period without any DLTs. Cabaletta expects to announce acute safety data for the second and third cohorts in the third and fourth quarters of 2021, respectively. Topline data on target engagement from the first cohort are anticipated during the second half of 2021. Cabaletta will continue to provide additional topline safety and target engagement data from the DesCAARTes™ trial once available on a cohort-by-cohort basis.

#### **Conference Call Details**

Cabaletta management will host a conference call today at 8:30 a.m. ET to discuss this data and other recent pipeline updates. To participate in the conference call, please dial 866-939-3921 (domestic) or 678-302-3550 (international) and refer to the conference ID 50150570. A live webcast of the presentation can be accessed under "Events & Presentations" in the Investors & Media section of Cabaletta's website at <a href="https://www.cabalettabio.com">www.cabalettabio.com</a>.

#### About the DesCAARTes™ Clinical Trial

Cabaletta's DesCAARTes™ Phase 1 trial is an open-label, multi-center study of DSG3-CAART in adults with mucosal-dominant pemphigus vulgaris. The trial is designed to evaluate the safety and tolerability of DSG3-CAART as well as to identify evidence of target engagement and early signs of efficacy. The study consists of three parts: 1) dose escalation, 2) dose consolidation, and 3) cohort expansion at the final selected dose and schedule. The trial is expected to enroll approximately 30 patients across multiple clinical sites throughout the United States. Visit clinicaltrials.gov (NCT04422912) for more information.

#### **About Pemphigus Vulgaris**

mPV is a rare autoimmune blistering disease that is characterized by the loss of adhesion between cells of the skin or mucous membranes. mPV is caused by the production of autoantibodies that disrupt structural proteins within the skin and/or mucosa that connect with other proteins to enable the skin and/or mucosal cells to connect with each other. The autoantibodies can target DSG3 and/or desmoglein 1 (DSG1), which are primarily expressed in the mucosal membranes and skin, respectively. mPV is characterized by autoantibodies against DSG3 only whereas mucocutaneous PV (mcPV) is characterized by autoantibodies against DSG3 and DSG1.

#### About CAAR T Cell Therapy

Chimeric AutoAntibody Receptor (CAAR) T cells are designed to selectively bind and eliminate only disease-causing B cells, while sparing the normal B cells that are essential for human health. CAAR T cells are based on the chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell technology. While CAR T cells typically contain a CD19-targeting molecule, CAAR T cells express an autoantibody-targeted antigen on their surface. The co-stimulatory domain and the signaling domain of both a CAR T cell and a CAAR T cell carry out the same activation and cytotoxic functions. Thus, Cabaletta's CAARs are designed to direct the patient's T cells to kill only the pathogenic cells that express disease-causing autoantibodies on their surface, potentially leading to complete and durable remission of disease while sparing all other B cell populations that provide beneficial immunity from infection.

#### About Cabaletta Bio

Cabaletta Bio is a clinical-stage biotechnology company focused on the discovery and development of engineered T cell therapies, and exploring their potential to provide a deep and durable, perhaps curative, treatment, for patients with B cell-mediated autoimmune diseases. The Cabaletta Approach to selective B cell Ablation (CABA<sup>TM</sup>) platform, in combination with Cabaletta's proprietary technology, utilizes CAAR T cells that are designed to selectively bind and eliminate only specific autoantibody-producing B cells while sparing normal antibody-producing B cells, which are essential for human health. The Company's lead product candidate, DSG3-CAART, is being evaluated in the DesCAARTes<sup>TM</sup> phase 1 clinical trial as a potential treatment for patients with mucosal pemphigus vulgaris, a prototypical B cell-mediated

autoimmune disease. The FDA granted Fast Track Designation for DSG3-CAART in May 2020. For more information about the DesCAARTes™ Phase 1 clinical trial, please see <a href="www.clinicaltrials.gov">www.clinicaltrials.gov</a>. The Company's lead preclinical product candidate, MuSK-CAART, is in IND-enabling studies and is designed as a potential treatment for patients with MuSK-associated myasthenia gravis. For more information, visit <a href="www.cabalettabio.com">www.cabalettabio.com</a>.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains "forward-looking statements" of Cabaletta within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended, including without limitation, express or implied statements regarding expectations regarding the progress and results of its DesCAARTes™ Phase 1 trial, including Cabaletta's ability to enroll the requisite number of patients in the trial; the expectation that Cabaletta may improve outcomes for patients suffering from mPV; the effectiveness and timing of product candidates that Cabaletta may develop, including in collaboration with academic partners; the safety, efficacy and tolerability of DSG3-CAART for the treatment of mPV; expectations of the potential impact of COVID-19 on strategy, future operations, and the timing of its clinical trials, including the potential impacts on enrollment and initiation of its DesCAARTes™ Phase 1 trial; and statements regarding regulatory filings regarding its development programs.

Any forward-looking statements in this press release are based on management's current expectations and beliefs of future events, and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: Cabaletta's ability to demonstrate sufficient evidence of safety, efficacy and tolerability in its clinical trials of DSG3-CAART; risks related to clinical trial site activation or enrollment rates that are lower than expected; risks related to unexpected safety or efficacy data observed during clinical studies; risks related to the impact of public health epidemics affecting countries or regions in which we have operations or do business, such as COVID-19; risks related to Cabaletta's ability to protect and maintain its intellectual property position; uncertainties related to the initiation and conduct of studies and other development requirements for its product candidates; and the risk that the initial or interim results of clinical studies will not be predictive of future results in connection with future studies. For a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties, and other important factors, any of which could cause Cabaletta's actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Cabaletta's most recent annual report on Form 10-K as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties, and other important factors in Cabaletta's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All information in this press release is as of the date of the release, and Cabaletta undertakes no duty to update this information unless required by law.

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